London Medicines Information Service

Extended-release methylphenidate – a review of the pharmacokinetic profiles of available products

March 2018

First authored by Martin Bradley (<u>martin.bradley@gstt.nhs.uk</u>) – May 2016 Updated by Hina Radia (<u>hina.radia@gstt.nhs.uk</u>) – March 2018

Background

Methylphenidate is a central nervous stimulant available in the UK in various licensed immediate, and modified-release, oral, solid dosage forms. It is a schedule 2 controlled drug, licensed for the treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in children aged over 6 years and adolescents¹ and is the usual first line treatment for this condition for both children and adults², (though initiation in adult patients is outside of the product licence). Most of the products available specify in their Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs) that in patients whose symptoms persist into adulthood and who have shown clear benefit from treatment, it may be appropriate to continue treatment into adulthood^{3,4,5,6}. Methylphenidate, as a stimulant, is also sometimes used off-label for disorders of excessive somnolence e.g. narcolepsy, idiopathic hypersomnia⁷.

This review describes a brief background to current NICE recommendations for the use of methylphenidate for the treatment of ADHD and summarises pertinent points with respect the pharmacokinetic differences of the various methylphenidate modified-release products available. This review is an update from a previous review that discussed the addition of Xenidate XL and Matoride XL to the list of existing products. This review also includes Xaggitin XL and Delmosart XL tablets. A detailed review of the Medikinet XL, Equasym XL, and Concerta XL products is already available⁸.

The National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) clinical guideline CG72 on "Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder: diagnosis and management"²

In their clinical guideline, NICE make several recommendations regarding the use of methylphenidate for the management of ADHD:

With respect to initiation:

- Begin with low doses of immediate-release or modified-release preparations consistent with starting doses in the BNF
- Titrate the dose against symptoms and side effects over 4–6 weeks until dose optimisation is achieved
- Modified-release preparations should be given as a single dose in the morning (or no more than twice a day in adults) and immediate-release preparations should be given in two or three divided doses (or up to four times a day in adults)
- Doses should be gradually increased until there is no further improvement and side effects are tolerable

With respect to ongoing treatment and improving adherence:

When prescribing methylphenidate for the treatment of children or young people, modified-release preparations should be considered for the following reasons:

- Convenience
- Improving adherence
- Reducing stigma (because the child or young person does not need to take medication at school)
- Reducing problems schools have in storing and administering controlled drugs
- Their pharmacokinetic profiles; in particular the proportion of medication released in specific time frames and the overall duration of action.

For adult patients, modified-release preparations may be preferred to increase adherence and in circumstances where there are concerns about substance misuse or diversion

General recommendations from NICE:

Prescribers should be familiar with the pharmacokinetic profiles of all the modified-release and immediate-release preparations available for ADHD to ensure that treatment is tailored effectively to the individual's needs. Following titration and dose stabilisation, prescribing and monitoring should be carried out under locally agreed shared care arrangements with primary care.

No recommendations are made with respect to the prescribing of specific brands, though it states: "If there is a choice of more than one appropriate drug, the product with the lowest cost (taking into account the cost per dose and number of daily doses) should be prescribed".

Modified-release methylphenidate preparations currently available in the UK:

The following preparations are currently licensed in the UK (as of February 2018)

- Concerta XL tablets
- Delmosart XL tablets
- Equasym XL capsules
- Medikinet XL capsules
- Matoride XL tablets
- Xaggitin XL tablets
- Xenidate XL tablets

All the modified-release methylphenidate preparations include an immediate-release component as well as an extended-release component. This allows for rapid onset of action while avoiding the need to take further doses during the day to maintain effect.

The biphasic release profiles of these products are however not all equivalent and contain different proportions of the immediate-release and modified-release component. The BNF states that "different versions of modified-release preparations may not have the same clinical effect. To avoid confusion between these different formulations of methylphenidate prescribers should specify the brand to be dispensed"¹.

Concerta XL tablets

Concerta XL was licensed in the UK in February 2002. It is an oral tablet with an osmotic release system and has internal layers of extended-release methylphenidate, surrounded by a coat of immediate-release methylphenidate³. The non-absorbable membrane of the tablet can pass into the faeces unchanged. It is available as 18mg, 27mg, 36mg and 54mg tablets. The manufacturers advise that when initiating, titration should be started at 18mg and proceed with 18mg increments at approximately weekly intervals³. The 27mg dose is available for those who wish to prescribe between the 18mg and 36mg doses. When converting patients to Concerta XL from methylphenidate immediate release, the manufacturers recommend a conversion factor of 18mg Concerta XL per 15mg methylphenidate immediate release daily dose³. The manufacturer is 54mg³.

Medikinet XL capsules

Medikinet XL was licensed in the UK in February 2007. These capsules contain immediate release uncoated pellets and extended release coated pellets producing a two-stage release profile⁴. Medikinet XL capsules are available as 5mg, 10mg, 20mg, 30mg, 40mg, 50mg and 60mg. When initiating methylphenidate with Medikinet XL, the manufacturers recommend starting at 10mg once daily, increasing as necessary by weekly increments of 5-10mg⁴. The manufacturers recommend that when converting from immediate release methylphenidate, the total daily dose can be converted 1:1 to Medikinet XL⁴. The maximum daily dosage recommended by the manufacturer is 60mg⁴.

Equasym XL capsules

Equasym was licensed in the UK in February 2005. Each capsule contains beads coated with immediate release or extended release methylphenidate. It is available as 10, 20 and 30mg capsules. When initiating methyphenidate with Equasym XL the manufacturers recommend starting at 10mg once daily, increasing as necessary by weekly increments of 5-10mg⁹. The manufacturers recommend that when converting from immediate release methylphenidate, the total daily dose can be converted 1:1 to Equasym XL⁹. The maximum daily dosage recommended by the manufacturer is 60mg⁹.

Comparison of pharmacokinetic profiles of Concerta XL, Medikinet XL and Equasym XL⁸

	Concerta XL	Medikinet XL	Equasym XL
	tablets	capsules	capsules
Composition (percentage immediate/extended release)	22/78	50/50	30/70
Release profile	Maximum plasma concentration at 1- 2 hours, second peak at 6-8 hours	Maximum plasma concentration reached rapidly, second peak at 3-4 hours	Maximum plasma concentration at 1.5 hours, followed by a second peak at 6 hours followed by a gradual decline
Duration of action	Up to 12 hours	Up to 8 hours	Up to 8 hours
Administration	Swallow whole with liquid. Must not be chewed, crushed or divided	Can be swallowed whole with liquid, or opened and the contents sprinkled onto a small amount (tablespoon) of applesauce or yoghurt and given immediately. Capsules and contents not to be crushed or chewed	Can be swallowed whole with liquid, or opened and the contents sprinkled onto a small amount (tablespoon) of applesauce or yoghurt and given immediately. Capsules and contents not to be crushed or chewed
Food requirements	Can be given with or without food	To be taken with or after breakfast	To be taken with or after breakfast
Frequency	Once daily in the morning	Once daily in the morning	Once daily in the morning
Immediate-release methylphenidate equivalent	Three times daily	Twice daily	Twice daily

The differing time–action profiles provided by these long-acting formulations may allow clinicians to target specific periods of the day that are particularly relevant for a patient, facilitating individualisation of ADHD treatment.

Recently licensed preparations

Matoride XL tablets, Xenidate XL tablets, Delmosart XL tablets and Xaggitin XL tablets have all been granted marketing authorisation on the bioequivalence to Concerta XL tablets as the licensed reference product as opposed to clinical studies. The branded generic methyphenidate prolonged release products are available in the following strengths:

Concerta XL® modified-release tablets	18mg, 27mg, 36mg, 54mg
Delmosart XL ® modified-release tablets	18mg, 27mg, 36mg, 54mg
Equasym XL® modified-release capsule	10mg, 20mg, 30mg
Matoride XL® modified-release tablets	18mg, 36mg, 54mg
Medikinet XL® modified release capsule	5mg, 10mg, 20mg, 30mg, 40mg, 50mg,
	60mg
Xaggitin XL® modified-release tablets	18mg, 27mg, 36mg, 54mg
Xenidate XL® modified-release tablets	18mg, 27mg, 36mg, 54mg

Matoride XL tablets and Xenidate XL are presented as biconvex round tablets whereas Concerta XL, Delmosart XL and Xaggitin XL are capsule shaped tablets of a similar size to the bioequivalent products. All products with the 18mg strength are yellow, all products with the 27mg strength are grey (except Xenidate XL which is yellow), all products with the 36mg strength are white, and all products with the 54mg strength are red-brown in colour. Concerta XL, Delmosart XL, Matoride XL and Xaggitin XL contain lactose^{3,5}, and Xenidate XL contains sucrose⁶.

In order to demonstrate bioequivalence, pharmacokinetic trials need to show that the upper and lower limits of the 90% confidence intervals for both the maximal concentration after dosing (Cmax) and the area under curve of plasma level vs time (AUC) do not fall outside of the range of 80%-125% of the value for the reference product10. As the comparator product in this instance has a biphasic release profile bioequivalence had to be demonstrated for both phases (i.e. initial phase Cmax and AUC, and second phase Cmax and AUC).

Xenidate XL bioequivalence studies¹¹

The comparative bioavailability of Xenidate XL tablets to Concerta XL tablets was studied under both fasting and fed state at the 54mg dose as part of a crossover study (n=52). Sampling for one dose was deemed sufficient for licence for the range of doses¹¹.

	-	
Parameter	Ratio (Xenidate XL /Concerta XL)	90% CI
AUC _{0-2.5h}	99.03%	92.57 - 105.94
AUC _{2.5-24h}	93.79%	89.74 - 98.01
Cmax _{0-2.5h}	94.92%	89.52 - 100.66
Cmax _{2.5-24h}	104.16%	98.63 - 110.00

Fasted state results:

8	15.0					- -	Test Reference
[Im,	10.0 -	F	A				
conc. [ng/	5.0 -	A seal					
	0.0	4		12	16	20	
				time [h]			

Mean (arithmetic mean) plasma concentration-time curves of methylphenidate after administration of the test product and the reference product (N = 12)

Fed state results	i de la construcción de la constru	
Parameter	Ratio (Xenidate XL /Concerta XL)	90% CI
AUC _{0-2.5h}	99.75%	87.94-113.14
AUC _{2.5-24h}	92.21%	90.20-94.27
Cmax _{0-2.5h}	90.50%	82.97-98.72
Cmax _{2.5-24h}	97.27%	94.18-100.46



Mean (arithmetic mean) plasma concentration-time curves of methylphenidate after administration of the test product and the reference product (N = 52)

As the 90% confidence intervals for the parameters $AUC_{0-2.5h}$, $AUC_{2.5-24h}$, $Cmax_{0-2.5h}$ and $Cmax_{2.5-24h}$ all lay between 80-125% for both the fasted and fed state the Xenidate XL product was given marketing authorisation. This was granted for all strengths of the product.

Matoride XL bioequivalence studies¹²

Four separate crossover studies were performed: Matoride XL 54mg, 36mg and 18mg vs Concerta XL 54mg, 36mg and 18mg (n= 24, 22 and 24 respectively) under fasting conditions, and Matoride XL 54mg vs Concerta XL 54mg under fed conditions (n=21). The outcomes are described below:

Parameter	Ratio at 18mg	90% CI	Ratio at 36mg	90% CI	Ratio at 54mg	90% CI
AUC _{0-2h}	100.30%	91.15- 110.36	99.29%	88.82- 110.99	100.29%	90.83- 110.73
AUC _{2-24h}	95.58%	92.81- 98.44	93.03%	89.85- 96.32	95.67%	92.44- 99.01
Cmax _{0-2h}	101.99%	94.28- 110.33	95.11%	86.36- 104.74	97.88%	90.95- 105.33
Cmax _{2-24h}	96.08%	89.94- 97.40	93.69%	87.31- 100.54	90.96%	84.94- 97.40

Fasted state results

Under fed conditions only 50% of the profiles of both Concerta XL and Matoride XL were biphasic (the rest were continuous release). Therefore separation of the 2 phases was not possible and bioequivalence would therefore be demonstrated by Cmax and AUC_{0-t} equivalence.



Fed state results:

i cu state results.		
Parameter	Ratio	90% CI
AUC _{0-t}	99.75%	87.94 - 113.14
AUC _{0-inf}	92.21%	90.20 - 94.27
Cmax	90.50%	82.97 - 98.72

Delmosart XL bioequivalence studies¹³

Four studies were carried out to confirm the bioequivalence between Delmosart XL® 18mg, 27mg, 36mg and 54mg prolonged-release tablets and Concerta® XL 18mg, 27mg, 36mg and 54mg prolonged-release tablets. Two studies, one fed and one fasted, were carried out for each of the 18mg and 54mg strengths. The studies reported by the manufacturer are the same as the studies for Xaggitin XL and it appears both these products are identical branded generics of the reference product Concerta XL.

Xaggitin XL bioequivalence studies¹⁴

Xaggitin XL prolonged-release methylphenidate tablets are a branded generic version of Concerta XL. The tablets have a biphasic release profile, with the formulation containing an immediate-release component of 25% and a prolonged-release component of 75% (Concerta XL contains an immediate-release component of 22% and a prolonged-release component of 78%). Four studies were carried out to confirm the bioequivalence between Xaggitin XL® 18mg, 27mg, 36mg and 54mg prolonged-release tablets and Concerta® XL 18mg, 27mg, 36mg and 54mg prolonged-release tablets. Two studies, one fed and one fasted, were carried out for each of the 18mg and 54mg strengths. The mean plasma concentrations of methylphenidate versus time curves for the 18 and 54mg strengths are shown below:

An open-label, laboratory-blind, three-treatment, randomised, three-period, crossover study in order to assess bioequivalence following single dose administration of methylphenidate hydrochloride 18mg prolonged-release tablets (test 1) and methylphenidate hydrochloride 18mg prolonged-release tablets (Test 2) versus Concerta® 18 mg prolonged-release tablets (reference) in healthy volunteers under **fasting** conditions (Study CM-365). Both test products passed the bioequivalence criteria and test 1 formulation was selected as the final test product.

Average pharmacokinetic profiles of test and reference products in study CM-365. The dotted red line represents splitting for partial AUC's.



Parameter	Ratio	90% CI
AUC(0-3)	106.27	97.57 – 115.75
AUC(3-t)	100.42	95.46 - 105.65
Cmax(0-3)	106.60	98.65 - 115.20
Cmax(3-t)	104.11	96.04 - 112.87
AUC _(0-t)	101.32	96.56 - 106.32
AUC(0-inf)	101.28	96.52 - 106.28

Table of results for Test 1 in study CM-365

Study No: CM-364 – 18mg fed study

An open-label, laboratory-blind, three-treatment, randomised, three-period, crossover study in order to assess bioequivalence following single dose administration of methylphenidate hydrochloridel 18mg prolonged-release tablets (Test 1) and methylphenidate hydrochloride 18mg prolonged-release tablets (Test 2) versus Concerta® 18 mg prolonged-release tablets (reference) in healthy volunteers under **fed** conditions. Both test products passed the bioequivalence criteria and test 1 formulation was selected as the final test product.

Average pharmacokinetic profiles of test and reference products in study CM-364. The dotted red line represents splitting for partial AUC's.



Table of results for Test 1 in study CM-364

Parameter	Ratio	90% CI
AUC(0-4)	108.18	101.95 - 114.79
AUC(4-t)	97.19	92.64 - 101.97
Cmax(0-4)	103.95	98.60 - 109.59
Cmax(4-t)	106.68	100.89 - 112.80
AUC(0-t)	99.73	95.89 - 103.72
AUC(0-inf)	99.42	95.63 - 103.36

Study No: CM-355 – 54mg fasting study

A single center, single-dose, open-label, laboratory-blind, randomised, two-period, two-sequence, crossover study to determine the bioequivalence of two prolonged-release tablet products containing methylphenidate hydrochloride 54 mg in up to 36 healthy male and female subjects under fasting conditions. This study was conducted with a single test product. The test product passed the bioequivalence criteria.

Average pharmacokinetic profiles of test and reference products in study CM-355. The dotted red line represents splitting for partial AUC's.



Table of bloequivalence results for study CNI-355		
Paramatar	Patio	00% CI

Parameter	Katio	90% CI
AUC(0-3)	104.30	98.13 - 110.86
AUC(3-t)	95.21	91.59 - 98.97
Cmax(0-3)	103.23	96.74 - 110.16
Cmax(3-t)	98.18	92.57 - 104.14
AUC(0-t)	96.15	92.74 - 99.69
AUC(0-inf)	95.87	92.37 - 99.49

Study No: CM-354 – 54mg fed study

A single centre, single-dose, open-label, laboratory-blind, randomised, two-period, two-sequence, crossover study to determine the bioequivalence of two prolongedrelease tablet products containing methylphenidate hydrochloride 54mg in up to 36 healthy male and female subjects under fed conditions. This study was conducted with a single test product. The test product passed the bioequivalence criteria.

Average pharmacokinetic profiles of test and reference products in study CM- 354. The dotted red line represents splitting for partial AUC's.



Table of bioequivalence results for study CM-354

Parameter	Ratio	90% CI
AUC(0-4)	109.99	100.72 - 120.12
AUC(4-t)	97.26	93.51 - 101.15
Cmax(0-4)	109.25	101.10 - 118.06
Cmax _(4-t)	103.25	97.73 - 109.08
AUC(0-t)	99.68	96.41 - 103.06
AUC(0-inf)	100.89	96.49 - 105.48

Treatment cost

Cost of 30-dose units for the tablets (£)

Product	18mg	27mg	36mg	54mg
Concerta XL	31.19	36.81	42.45	73.62
Delmosart XL	15.59	18.41	21.23	36.81
Matoride XL	24.95	Not available	33.96	60.48
Xenidate XL	15.57	18.39	21.21	36.79
Xagittin XL	15.58	18.40	21.22	36.40

Product	5mg	10mg	20mg	30mg	40mg	50mg	60mg			
Medikinet XL	24.04	24.04	28.86	33.36	57.72	62.52	67.32			
Equasym	Not	25.00	30.00	35.00	Not	Not	Not			
XL	available				available	available	available			

30-dose unit cost of Medikinet XL and Equasym XL capsules (£)

Clinical implications

The separate release profiles of the Equasym XL, Medikinet XL and Concerta XL allows prescribers a choice of preparations to match a patient's needs. For example Concerta XL may be preferable for patients with evening symptoms due to the larger proportion of sustained release component and longer duration of effect, whereas Medikinet XL may be preferred in patients that might have a potential to suffer from insomnia, as it has a shorter duration of effect and higher proportion of immediate release component. In order to ensure that the correct product is dispensed it is important that the prescriber specifies the brand on the prescription.

It is clear that the newer preparations Delmosart XL, Matoride XL, Xaggitin XL and Xenidate XL have been granted replicate marketing authorisation to Concerta XL on the basis that they have satisfied the criteria for equivalent release profile for the reference Concerta XL product. Prescribers and pharmacists should be aware of these new preparations available. It would seem appropriate for these branded generics to be considered as alternatives to Concerta XL when initiation of Concerta XL is appropriate. As per BNF advice, prescribers should specify the brand when prescribing Delmosart XL, Matoride XL, Xaggitin XL or Xenidate XL to ensure the correct product is dispensed.

The newer products match Concerta XL in terms of colouring for each prescribable dose. Matoride XL and Xenidate XL tablets however are a different shape (though of equivalent size) whereas Delmosart XL and Xaggitin XL are of a similar shape to the Concerta XL tablets. If there is an intention to switch patients from Concerta XL to any of the branded generics, it would be prudent for there to be a discussion with the patient or guardian to ensure that they are aware and happy with the change in preparation.

A PrescQIPP¹⁵ review of prescribing in attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (published November 2016, before the launch of Delmosart XL and Xaggitin XL) suggests "policy makers should consider the cost difference in primary care of the various modified release methylphenidate preparations when making formulary decisions. Including Xenidate XL® or Matoride XL® tablets on formularies where Concerta XL® would have been considered appropriate could release savings when new patients are initiated on treatment. There may also be scope to review and consider switching the medication of those already established on Concerta XL®. Organisations considering a review of prescribing of Concerta XL® prescribing should ensure that the principle, process and switching methodology is agreed locally by all key stakeholders, including local specialists and GPs. Changes to medication should only be made in the context of individual review, and should be communicated and monitored appropriately".

References

- 1. British National Formulary 70, September 2016. Also available online at <u>www.medicinescomplete.com</u> (accessed 01/04/2016)
- NICE CG72. Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder: diagnosis and management (September 2008, updated February 2016). Available online at: <u>https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg72</u> (accessed 01/04/2016)
- 3. SPC Concerta XL prolonged release tablets. Available online at: <u>http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/30451</u> (accessed 01/04/2016)
- 4. SPC Medikinet XL. Available online at: http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/19510 (accessed 01/04/2016)
- SPC Matoride XL prolonged release tablets. Available online at: <u>http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/29870</u> (accessed 01/04/2016)
- 6. SPC Xenidate XL prolonged release tablets. Available online at: <u>http://www.mhra.gov.uk/spc-pil/?prodName=XENIDATE%20XL%2018%20MG%20PROLONGED-RELEASE%20TABLETS&subsName=METHYLPHENIDATE%20HYDROCHLORIDE&pageID=SecondLevel</u> (accessed 01/04/2016)
- 7. American Academy of Sleep Medicine 2014. International classification of sleep disorders: diagnostic and coding manual 3rd edition.
- 8. Redmond V. Differences in extended release methylphenidate for ADHD. The British Journal of Clinical Pharmacy, September 2009.
- 9. SPC Equasym XL. Available online at: <u>http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/15804</u> (accessed 06/04/2016)
- 10. Directive 2001/83/EC on the Community Code Relating to Medicincal Products for Human Use article 10(1)
- 11. Xenidate XL 18mg, 36mg, 54mg proloonged release tablets methylphenidate hydrochloride. Mylan information on file Personal communication, March 2016.
- Schapperer E, Daumann H, Lamouche S et al. Bioequivalence of Sandoz methylphenidate osmotic-controlled release tablet with Concerta (Janssen-Cilag). Pharmacology and Research Perspectives 2014 Vol 3 Issue 1.
- Delmosart XL methylphenidate hydrochloride. Actavis UK Ltd, a subsidiary of Accord Healthcare Ltd – information on file. Personal communication 26 February 2018
- 14. Xaggitin XL methylphenidate hydrochloride. EthyPharm UK Ltd information on file. Personal communication 26 February 2018
- 15. PrescQIPP. Prescribing in attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) November 2016 <u>https://www.prescqipp.info/resources/send/327-prescribing-in-adhd/3077-bulletin-158-prescribing-in-adhd</u>